ROMÂNIA<br>MINISTERUL APĂRĂRII NAȚIONALE<br>ŞCOALA MILITARĂ DE MAIŞTRI MILIT ARI ŞI

# TEST GRILĂ LA LIMBA ENGLEZĂ - PROFILUL SUBOFIŢERI - FILIERA DIRECTĂ 

## VARIANTA NR. 2

## Partea I: CITIT

Televisions show sounds and pictures. They get data from cables, discs, or over-the-air signals. They turn this data into sounds and images. People watch news and shows on them. You probably call them TVs. John Baird made the first TV in 1925. It had one color. It could only show 30 lines. This was just enough room for a face. It didn't work well, but it was a start.

By the end of the 1930s, TVs were working well. America got its first taste at the 1939 World's Fair. This was one of the biggest events ever. There were 200 small, black and white TVs set up around the fair. The U.S. President gave a speech over the TVs. The TVs were only five inches big but the people loved it.

Color TVs came out in 1953. They cost too much money for most. Also, shows were aired in black and white. By 1965, color TVs were cheaper and TV stations started airing shows in color. People had to switch if they wanted to see the shows.

Now most TVs are high-def. High-def TVs have 1080 lines.
There are state of the art sets called 4K TVs. These TVs have 3840 lines.

1. When did TVs come out?
a) 1925 ;
b) 1953 ;
c) 1939 ;
d) 1965 .
2. Which was not true about the first TV?
a) It could only show one color;
b) It only had 30 lines;
c) It had a stereo sound;
d) It did not work well.
3. When did TV stations start showing programs in color?
a) 1948 ;
b) 1953 ;
c) 1965 ;
d) 1939 .
4. What is the author's main purpose in writing this?
a) He is trying to explain how a TV works;
b) He is describing the history of the TV;
c) He is telling readers how TVs became popular;
d) He is trying to get people to watch more TV.
5. When did television start to work well?
a) By the end of the 1965 s ;
b) By the end of the 1953s;
c) By the end of the 1948s;
d) By the end of the 1930s.
6. How many lines does a 4 K TV have?
a) 30 ;
b) 1080 ;
c) 4000 ;
d) 3840 .

Chess is called the game of kings. It has been around for a long time. People have been playing it for over five hundred years. Chess is based on an even older game from India. The chess we play today is from Europe.

Chess is a two-player game. One player uses the white pieces. The other uses the black pieces. Each piece moves in a special way. One piece is called the king. Each player has one. The players take turns moving their pieces. If a player lands on a piece, he or she takes it. The game ends when a player loses his or her king. There are a few more rules, but those are the basics.
7. What is the author's purpose in writing the second paragraph?
a) To explain the rules of chess;
b) To compare different types of games;
c) To talk about game pieces;
d) To persuade people to play chess.
8. How long have people been playing chess?
a) Over 100 years;
b) Over 500 years;
c) Over 1000 years;
d) Over 5000 years.
9. Where did the game that chess is based on come from?
a) Europe;
b) America;
c) India;
d) All of these.
10. How does a game of chess end according to the text?
a) One player loses his or her king;
b) One player makes it to the end of the board;
c) One player becomes king;
d) One player takes all of the other player's pieces.
11. How many players are needed to play chess?
a) Ten players;
b) One player;
c) Three players;
d) Two players.

You don't always have lots of time to think when playing chess. There is a type of chess with short time limits. It's called blitz chess. In blitz chess, each player gets ten minutes to use for the whole game. Your clock runs during your turn. You hit the time clock after your move. This stops your clock. It also starts the other player's clock. If you run out of time, you lose. Games of blitz chess are fast-paced.
12. Which best describes the main idea of the paragraph?
a) This paragraph argues that players should think less;
b) This paragraph describes many different ways to play chess;
c) This paragraph explains time clocks work;
d) This paragraph explains how blitz chess is played.

The Coliseum is an ancient stadium in the center of Rome. It is the largest of its kind. It is very old. They started building it in the year 70 and finished it in 80 . It took ten years to build. It is still around today.

The Coliseum has been used in many ways. In ancient Rome, men fought each other in it. They fought against lions, tigers, and bears. Oh my! It was dreadful. But most of the people loved it. As many as 80,000 Romans would pack inside to watch. These gruesome events went on until 523.

The Coliseum has been damaged many times over the years. It was struck by lightning in the year 217. This started a fire. Much of the Coliseum is made of stone. But the fire damaged the upper levels. They were made of wood. This damage took many years to repair. It was not finished until the year 240 .
13. When did the Romans finish building the Coliseum?
a) The year 70 ;
b) The year 523 ;
c) The year 80 ;
d) The year 240 .
14. When was Coliseum struck by lightning?
a) in 300 ;
b) in 80 ;
c) in 240 ;
d) in 217 .
15. How many Romans would pack inside Coliseum?
a) two hundred and forty;
b) eighty thousand;
c) five hundred twenty three;
d) two hundred and seventeen.

## PARTEA a II-a: GRAMATICA

16. Tom $\qquad$ to the market right now.
a. is going;
b. go;
c. goes;
d. gone.
17. Did Mark $\qquad$ his wallet yesterday?
a. was found;
b. found;
c. find;
d. founding.
18. I need $\qquad$ uniform for the parade.
a. a;
b. an;
c. some;
d. two.
19. This test was $\qquad$ than the last one.
a. more easy;
b. easier;
c. easy;
d. more easilier.
20. He will join the Navy $\qquad$ graduation.
a. in;
b. above;
c. after;
d. to.
21. What is $\qquad$ thing in life?
a. the most important;
b. important;
c. more important;
d. importanter.
22. Mark was attacked by $\qquad$ in the forest.
a. wolfs;
b. wolfes;
c. wolfed;
d. wolves.
23. Ana can $\qquad$ Arabic.
a. is reading;
b. reading;
c. to read;
d. read.
24. I called $\qquad$ I love you
a. not;
b. after;
c. next;
d. because.
25. We $\qquad$ dinner when you called
a. make;
b. were making;
c. made;
d. was making.

## VOCABULAR

26. What day comes before Saturday?
a. Sunday;
b. Friday;
c. Monday;
d. Tuesday.
27. It is a quarter to six in the morning.
a. 06:45;
b. 17:45;
c. 05:45;
d. 18:15.
28. My foot hurts.I think I've twisted my $\qquad$ .
a. ankle;
b. hand;
c. wrist;
d. finger.
29. My father works in the hospital. He is a $\qquad$ .
a. surgeon;
b. operation;
c. teacher;
d. preacher.
30. My husband's mother is my $\qquad$ :
a. grandfather;
b. sister;
c. niece;
d. mother-in-law.
31. He is Tom Philips. What is his surname?
a. Tom;
b. He ;
c. Philips;
d. His.
32. Do you $\qquad$ the good old days?
a. remind;
b. remember;
c. reminded;
d. is remember.
33. How many seconds are in four minutes?
a. two thousand forty.;
b. sixty;
c. three hundred;
d. two hundred forty.
34. $\qquad$ is your birthday?
a. Who;
b. What;
c. When;
d. Where.
35. You didn't eat anything all day. You must be very $\qquad$
a. thirsty;
b. hungry;
c. happy;
d. tired.

## PARTEA a III-a: SCRIS

36. Choose the most appropriate line to finish a formal letter:
a. Love;
b. Sincerely yours;
c. Bye, bye;
d. Hello.
37. Which is the correct order?
a. Soon I am forward to looking you seeing;
b. I am forward looking to you seeing soon;
c. I am looking forward to seeing you soon;
d. Looking to forward you I soon seeing am.
38. Choose the most appropriate way to finish an informal letter:
a. Love and hugs;
b. Sincerely yours,;
c. Dear Mary,;
d. Dear Mr. Jones.
39. What is the correct address:
a. 55, Liberty Ave, 14017 San Francisco, USA;
b. Liberty Ave, 55, 14017 San Francisco, USA;
c. USA, Liberty Ave, 55, 14017 San Francisco;
d. 14017 San Francisco, USA, Liberty Ave, 55.
40. What is the best way to begin a formal letter?
a. Dear Sir Blake,;
b. Dear Mr. Blake,;
c. Dear friend,;
d. Dear Doris,
41. Which sentence can you find in a formal letter?
a. How are you doing...;
b. Dear Mary,...;
c. Can I get your phone number...;
d. I would like to inform you about...;
42. What is the best way to begin an informal letter?
a. Dear Sir/Madam,;
b. Dear Mr. Richardson,;
c. Dear Mary,;
d. Bye for now.
43. In order to apply for a job you need to...
a. write a friendly e-mail;
b. write a formal letter;
c. write an article;
d. write to your friends.
44. Which is the correct order?
a. Mr. Bells job a very good is doing;
b. A good very job is Mr. Bells doing;
c. Is job very good doing a Mr. Bells.
d. Mr. Bells is doing a very good job;
45. What is the logical sentence?
a. I like to swim in the sea every day;
b. I like to swim in the beach every day;
c. I like to swim in the hills evey day;
d. I like to swim in the forest every day.
-TEST GRILĂ LA LIMBA ENGLEZĂ-

- PROFILUL SUBOFIȚERI - FILIERA DIRECTĂ

VARIANTA NR. 2

| Item | Răspuns |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 2. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 3. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 4. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 5. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 6. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 7. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 8. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 9. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 10. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 11. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 12. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 13. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 14. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 15. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 16. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 17. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 18. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 19. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 20. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 21. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 22. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 23. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 24. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 25. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
|  |  |


| Item | Răspuns |
| :---: | :---: |
| 26. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 27. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 28. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 29. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 30. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 31. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 32. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 33. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 34. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 35. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 36. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 37. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 38. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 39. | $\mathbf{a}$ |
| 40. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 41. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 42. | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| 43. | $\mathbf{b}$ |
| 44. | $\mathbf{d}$ |
| 45. | $\mathbf{a}$ |

